

D 1.  $a^m a^n$

E 2.  $a^{-n}$

G 3.  $(ab)^2$

B 4.  $\frac{a^m}{a^n}$

F 5.  $(a-b)^2$

H 6.  $(a^m)^n$

L 7.  $\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2$

C 8.  $(a+b)^2$

I 9.  $a^0$

A 10.  $(a-b)(a+b)$

~~A.~~  $a^2 - b^2$

~~B.~~  $a^{m-n}$

~~C.~~  $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

~~D.~~  $a^{m+n}$

~~E.~~  $\frac{1}{a^n}$

~~F.~~  $a^2 - 2ab + b^2$

~~G.~~  $a^2 b^2$

H.  $a^{mn}$

~~I.~~ 1

J.  $a^2 + b^2$

K.  $a^2 + ab + b^2$

~~L.~~  $\frac{a^2}{b^2}$

M.  $a^{n-m}$

N.  $a^2 - ab + b^2$

O. 0

11. Write the interval in set-builder notation:

[-2, 5)

$\{x | -2 \leq x < 5\}$

12. Write the set in interval notation:

 $\{x | x > -4\}$ 

$(-4, \infty)$

15. A system of equations with a single solution is called \_\_\_\_\_

A pair of lines intersecting at a single point is an example of this.

independent

16. A system of equations with no solution is called \_\_\_\_\_

A pair of parallel lines (which never intersect) is an example of this.

inconsistent

17. A system of equations with infinitely many solutions is called \_\_\_\_\_

A pair of equations representing the same line is an example of this.

dependent

13. State the equation of the line passing through the point  $(-4, 9)$  whose slope is undefined.

$x = -4$

14. State the distributive property of real numbers.

$a(b+c) = ab+ac$

5.6Special Factoring

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a+b)(a-b)$$

$$a^2 + 2ab + b^2 = (a+b)(a+b) = (a+b)^2$$

$$a^2 - 2ab + b^2 = (a-b)(a-b) = (a-b)^2$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$\frac{5.6}{12.} \quad a^2b^2 - 25$$

$$(ab)^2 - 5^2$$

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a - b)(a + b)$$

$$(ab - 5)(ab + 5)$$

$$42. \quad 64a^3 + 27$$

$$(4a)^3 + 3^3$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$(4a + 3)(16a^2 - 12a + 9)$$

$$16. \quad 4x^2y^2 + 12xy + 9$$

$$(2xy)^2 + 2(2xy)(3) + 3^2$$

$$(a + b)^2 = (a + b)(a + b)$$

$$= a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(2xy + 3)^2 = (2xy + 3)(2xy + 3)$$

$$22. \quad b^2 - 18b + 81$$

$$(a - b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

$$b^2 - 2(b)(9) + 9^2$$

$$(b - 9)^2 = (b - 9)(b - 9)$$

$$48. \quad 1 - 125b^3 \quad a^3 - b^3 = (a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$1^3 - (5b)^3$$

$$(1 - 5b)(1 + 5b + 25b^2)$$

$$54. \quad 27x^3 - 8y^3$$

$$(3x)^3 - (2y)^3$$

$$(3x - 2y)(9x^2 + 6xy + 4y^2)$$

$$58. \quad a^3 + (a+b)^3 \quad x^3 + y^3 = (x+y)(x^2 - xy + y^2)$$

$$(a+b)^3 = (a+b)(a+b)(a+b) = a^3 + ab + ab + b^3$$

$$(a + a + b)(a^2 - a(a+b) + (a+b)^2)$$

$$(2a + b)(a^2 - a^2 - ab + a^2 + 2ab + b^2)$$

$$(2a + b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

$$60. \quad X^{3n} + Y^{3n}$$

$$(X^n)^3 + (Y^n)^3$$

$$(a^m)^3 = a^{3m}$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a+b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$(x^n + y^n)(x^{2n} - x^n y^n + y^{2n})$$

$$86. \quad 3x^4 - 81x$$

$$3x(x^3 - 27)$$

$$3x(x-3)(x^2 + 3x + 9)$$

$$102. \quad 4x^3 + 8x^2 - 9x - 18$$

$$4x^2(x+2) - 9(x+2)$$

$$(x+2)(4x^2 - 9)$$

$$(x+2)((2x)^2 - 3^2)$$

$$(x+2)(2x-3)(2x+3)$$

$$108. \quad 8x^4 - 40x^3 + 50x^2$$

$$2x^2(4x^2 - 20x + 25)$$

$$(2x)^2 - 2(2x)(5) + 5^2$$

$$2x^2(2x - 5)^2$$

$$(a-b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$$

$$2x^2(2x-5)(2x-5)$$

$$120. \quad 24a^2b^2 - 14ab^3 - 90b^4$$

$$2b^2(12a^2 - 7ab - 45b^2)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} 12 & (-45) & \\ \hat{3 \cdot 4} & \hat{5 \cdot 9} & (-1) \end{array}$$

$$2b^2 \left( \underbrace{12a^2}_{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 \cdot (-1)} - 27ab + 20ab - 45b^2 \right)$$

$$2b^2 \left[ 3a(4a-9b) + 5b(4a-9b) \right]$$

$$2b^2(4a-9b)(3a+5b)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 126. \quad & \underbrace{4x^4 - x^2} - \underbrace{4x^2y^2 + y^2} \\
 & x^2(4x^2 - 1) - y^2(4x^2 - 1) \\
 & (4x^2 - 1)(x^2 - y^2) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underbrace{(2x)^2 - 1^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(2x-1)(2x+1)(x-y)(x+y)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 128. \quad & \underbrace{x^6y^3 + x^3}_{x^3(x^3y^3 + 1)} - \underbrace{x^3y^3 - 1}_{-1(x^3y^3 - 1)} \\
 & x^3(x^3y^3 + 1) - 1(x^3y^3 - 1) \\
 & (x^3y^3 + 1)(x^3 - 1) \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underbrace{(xy)^3 + 1^3} \quad \underbrace{(x^3 - 1^3)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(xy+1)(x^2y^2-xy+1)(x-1)(x^2+x+1)$$

$$80. \quad 3x^4 + 20x^2 + 32$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \underbrace{3(32)}_{3 \cdot 8 \cdot 4} \quad \underbrace{3x^4 + 12x^2 + 8x^2 + 32}_{3x^2(x^2+4) + 8(x^2+4)} \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \underbrace{(x^2+4)(3x^2+8)}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$132. \quad 3b^{n+2} + 4b^{n+1} - 4b^n$$

$$b^n(3b^2 + 4b - 4)$$

$$3(-1) = -12 = 6(-2)$$

$$b^n(3b^2 + 6b - 2b - 4)$$

$$b^n[3b(b+2) - 2(b+2)]$$

$$b^n(b+2)(3b-2)$$

5.6

#3-13| odd