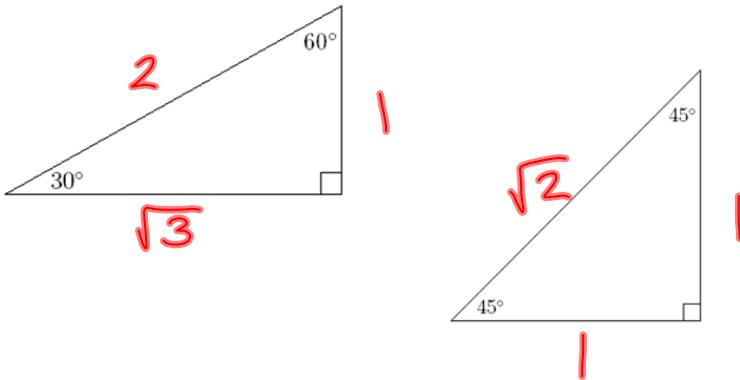


Quiz #1 Solutions17 total possible points; grades out of 15 points

$$\frac{1}{\csc x} = \sin x$$



$$\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} = \cot x$$

$$\frac{1}{\cos x} = \sec x$$

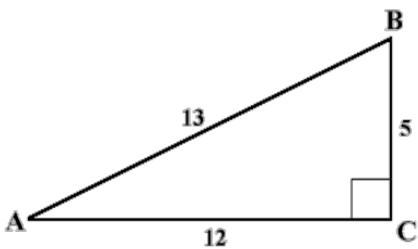
$$\sec(90^\circ - x) = \csc x$$

$$\cot(90^\circ - x) = \tan x$$

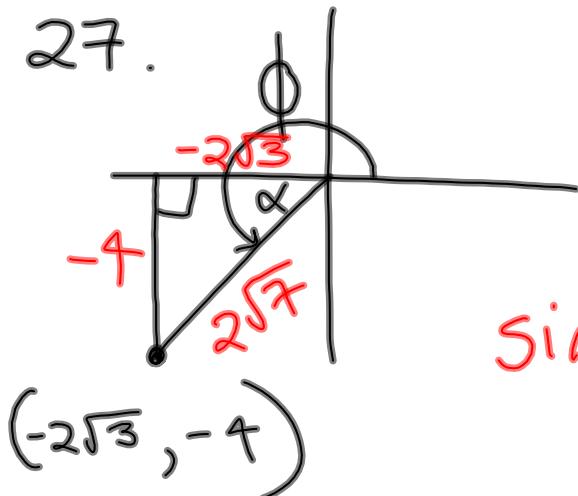
$$\cos B = \frac{5}{13}$$

$$\cot A = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$\sec A = \frac{13}{12}$$

Homework questions?5.3

27.



$$h^2 = (-2\sqrt{3})^2 + (-4)^2$$

$$= 12 + 16 = 28$$

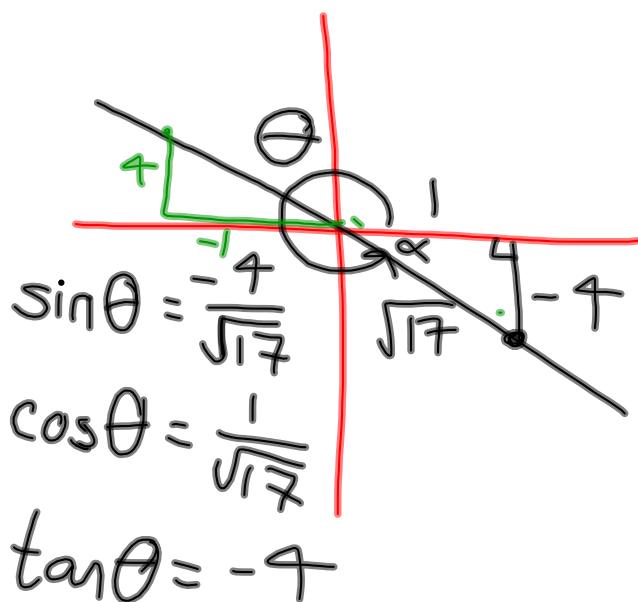
$$h = \sqrt{28} = 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$\sin \phi = \frac{-4}{2\sqrt{7}} = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}}$$

$$\sec \phi = \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{-2\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{7}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

5.3 Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

30. The terminal side of angle θ lies along the line $4x + y = 0$ in ~~QII~~
 Find $\sin \theta$, $\cos \theta$, and $\tan \theta$.

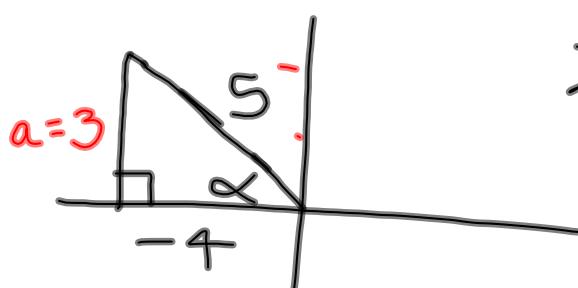


$$y = -4x$$

$$\begin{aligned} h^2 &= 1^2 + (-4)^2 \\ &= 1 + 16 \\ h &= \sqrt{17} \end{aligned}$$

36. Given that $\cos \alpha = -\frac{4}{5}$ and $\alpha \in QII$,

find the other 5 trigonometric function values of α .



* hypotenuse is always positive!

$$\sin \alpha = 3/5 \quad \csc \alpha = 5/3 \quad a^2 + (-4)^2 = 5^2$$

$$\cos \alpha = -4/5 \quad \sec \alpha = -5/4 \quad a = 3$$

$$\tan \alpha = -3/4 \quad \cot \alpha = -4/3$$

The unit circle and function values of 30° , 45° , and 60° reference angles

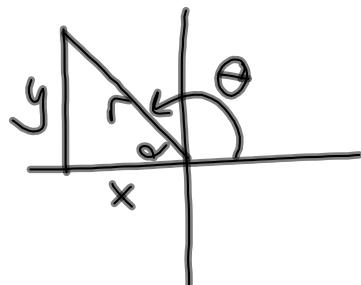
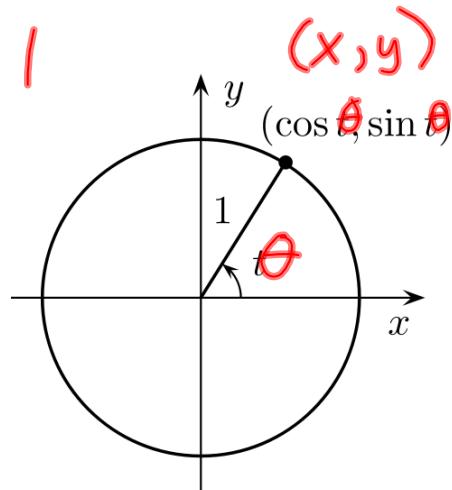
unit circle: $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

radius $r = 1$

center $(0, 0)$

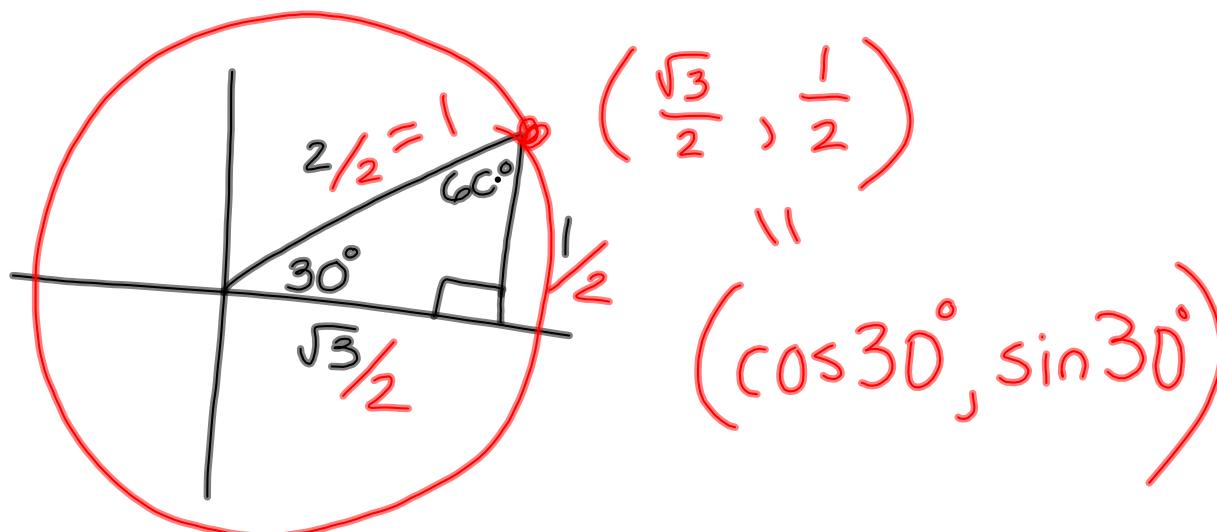
$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

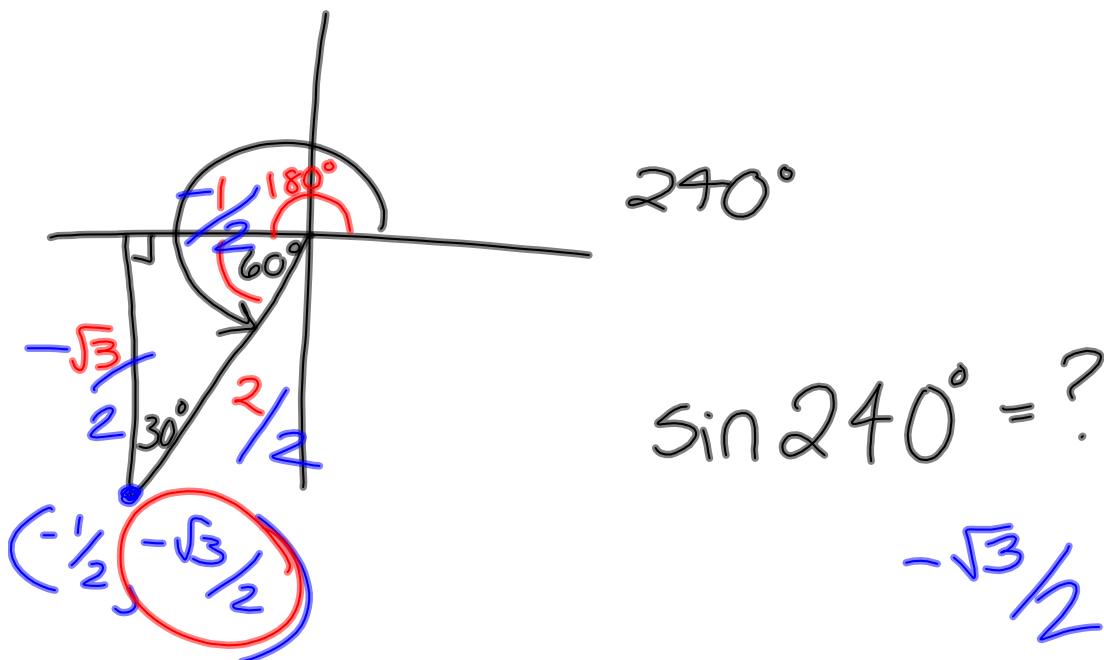
center: (h, k) ; radius: r



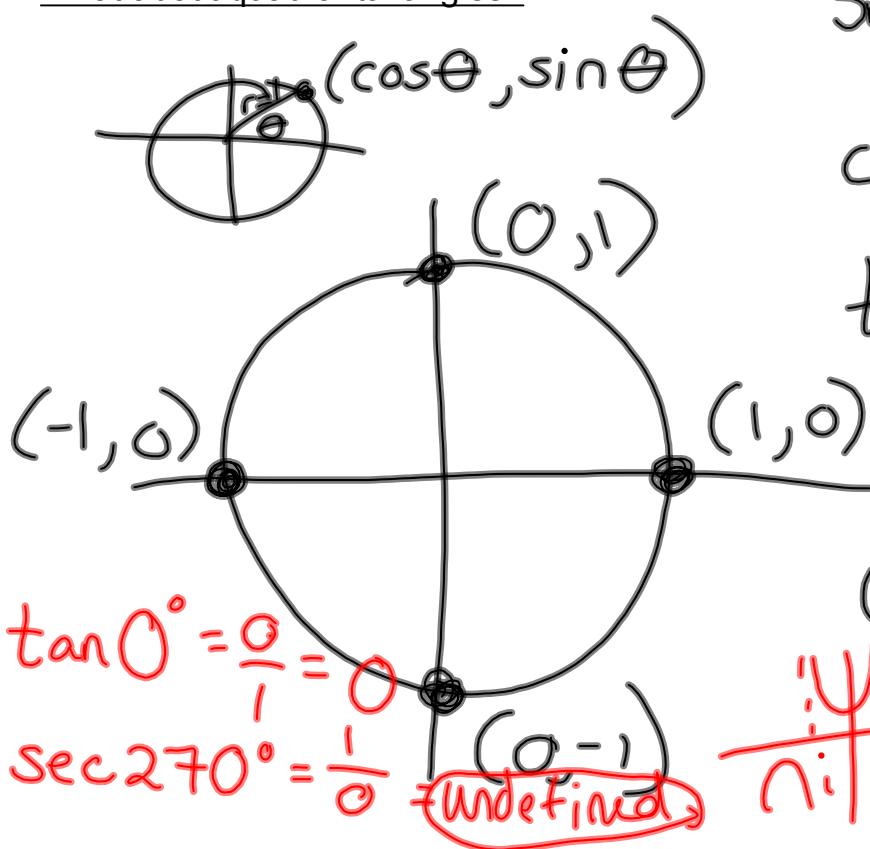
$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r} \quad y = r \sin \theta$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r} \quad x = r \cos \theta$$





What about quadrantal angles?



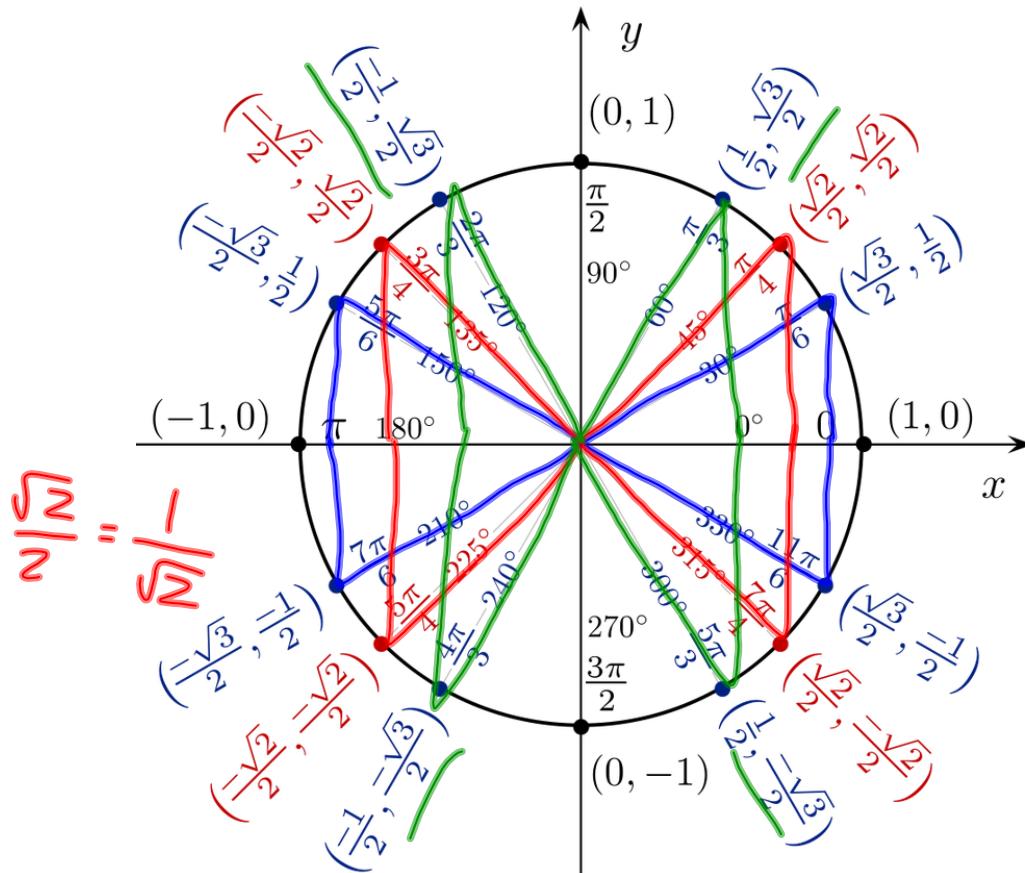
$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta}$$

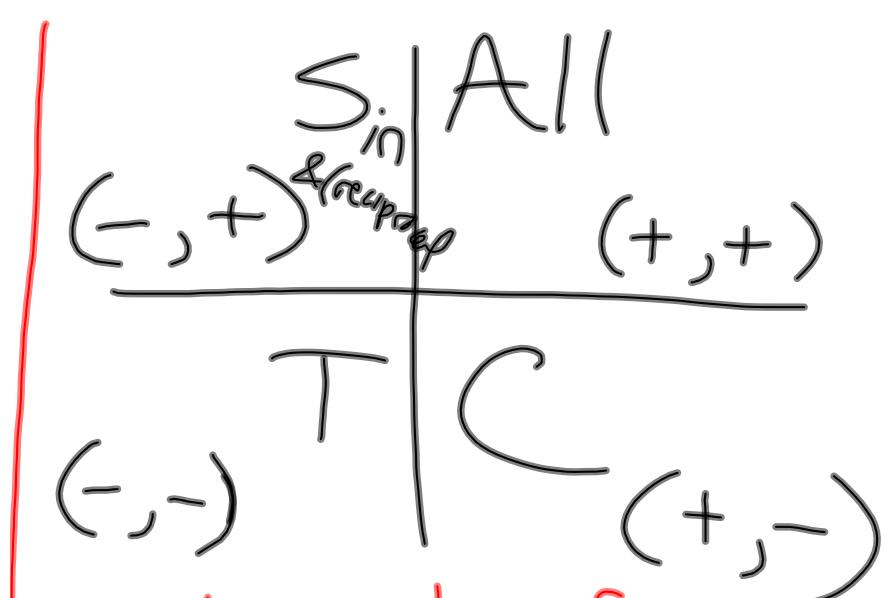
$$\tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{\cos \theta}{\sin \theta}$$

~~undefined~~



All Students Take Calculus



$$x = \cos \theta$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{x}$$

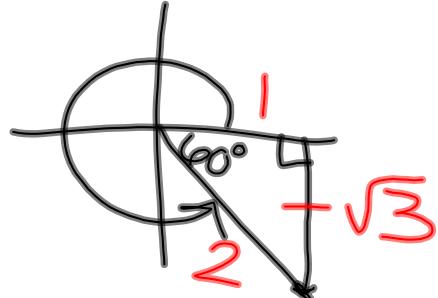
$$y = \sin \theta$$

$$\frac{1}{y} = \csc \theta$$

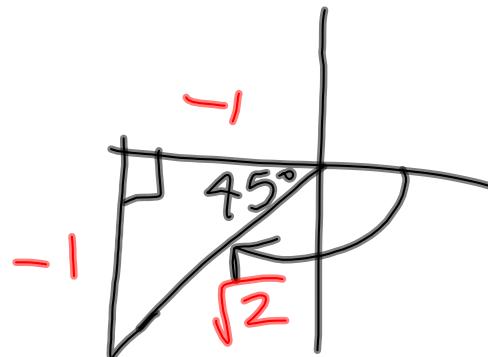
→ tells us which functions & their reciprocals are positive

Find the trig function value of the given angle (note that they all have either a 30° , 45° , or 60° reference angle OR are quadrant angles).

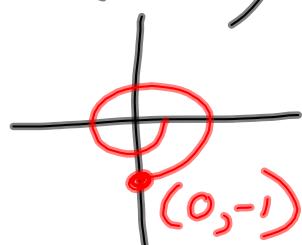
$$\tan 300^\circ = \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$$



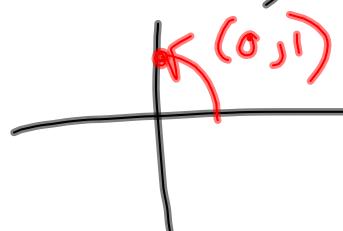
$$\sec(-135^\circ) = \boxed{-\sqrt{2}}$$



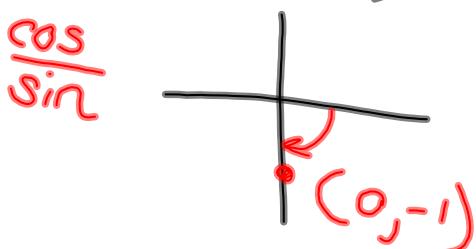
$$\sin(-450^\circ) = \boxed{-1}$$



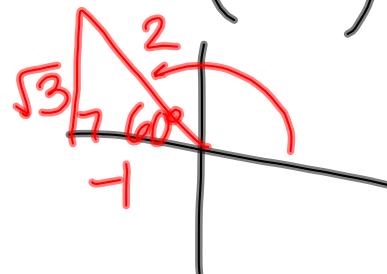
$$\csc(90^\circ) = \frac{1}{1} = \boxed{1}$$



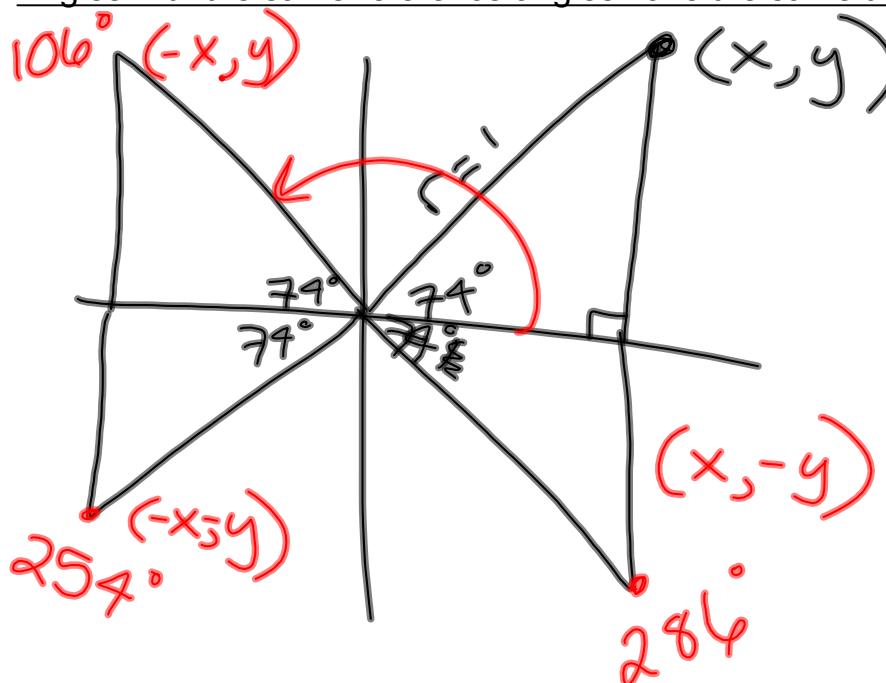
$$\cot(-90^\circ) = \frac{0}{-1} = \boxed{0}$$



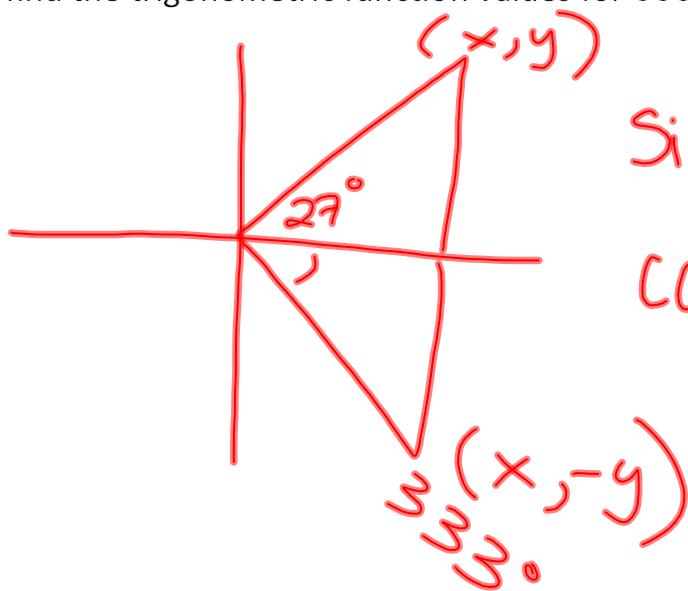
$$\cos(120^\circ) = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$



Angles with the same reference angles have the same trig function values.



80. Given that $\sin 27^\circ \approx 0.4540$, $\cos 27^\circ \approx 0.8910$, and $\tan 27^\circ \approx 0.5095$, find the trigonometric function values for 333° .



$$\sin 333^\circ = -0.4540$$

$$\cos 333^\circ = 0.8910$$

$$\tan 333^\circ = -0.5095$$

Homework: 5.3 #29-37 odd, 39-70 all; 71-81 odd

