

Sum and Difference Identities (6.1-book, 6.2-handout)

$$\sin(a+b) \neq \sin a + \sin b$$

$$\sin(a+b) = \sin a \cos b + \cos a \sin b$$

$$\sin(a-b) = \sin a \cos b - \cos a \sin b$$

$$\cos(a+b) = \cos a \cos b - \sin a \sin b$$

$$\cos(a-b) = \cos a \cos b + \sin a \sin b$$

$$\tan(a+b) = \frac{\tan a + \tan b}{1 - \tan a \tan b} ; \tan(a-b) = \frac{\tan a - \tan b}{1 + \tan a \tan b}$$

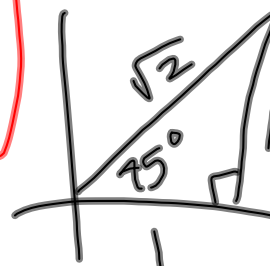
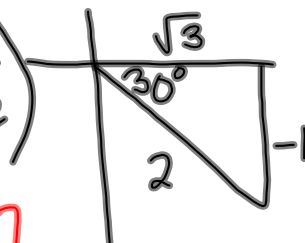
6.2 handout

$$2. \sin 375^\circ = \sin(330^\circ + 45^\circ) =$$

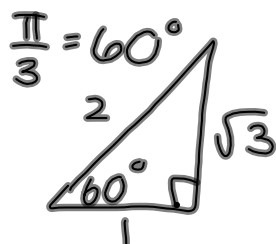
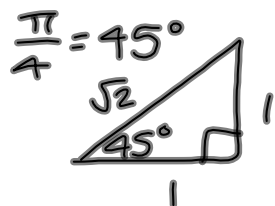
$$= \sin 330^\circ \cos 45^\circ + \cos 330^\circ \sin 45^\circ =$$

$$= \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$$

$$= \frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{2}$$



$$10. \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = \cos\frac{\pi}{4}\cos\frac{\pi}{3} + \sin\frac{\pi}{4}\sin\frac{\pi}{3}$$



$$= \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{6}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$$

$$14. \sin \underbrace{167^\circ}_a \cos \underbrace{107^\circ}_b - \cos \underbrace{167^\circ}_a \sin \underbrace{107^\circ}_b$$

$$= \sin(167^\circ - 107^\circ) = \sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$20. \sin x \cos 3x + \cos x \sin 3x$$

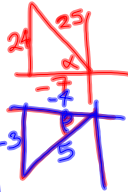
$$= \sin(x + 3x)$$

$$= \boxed{\sin 4x}$$

39. Given $\sin \alpha = \frac{24}{25}$, $\alpha \in Q II$

$\cos \beta = \frac{-4}{5}$, $\beta \in Q III$

Find $\sin(\alpha - \beta)$, $\cos(\alpha - \beta)$, $\tan(\alpha - \beta)$ & determine the quadrant in which $\alpha - \beta$ lies.

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\alpha - \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta - \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= \left(\frac{24}{25}\right)\left(\frac{-4}{5}\right) - \left(\frac{-7}{25}\right)\left(\frac{-3}{5}\right) \\ &= \frac{-96}{125} - \frac{21}{125} = \frac{-117}{125} \end{aligned}$$


$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\alpha - \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta + \sin \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= \left(\frac{-7}{25}\right)\left(\frac{-4}{5}\right) + \left(\frac{24}{25}\right)\left(\frac{-3}{5}\right) \\ &= \frac{28}{125} - \frac{72}{125} = \frac{-44}{125} \end{aligned}$$

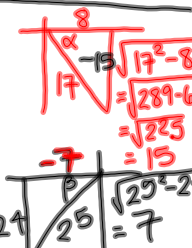
$$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\sin(\alpha - \beta)}{\cos(\alpha - \beta)} = \frac{-\frac{117}{125}}{-\frac{44}{125}} = \frac{-117}{-44} = \frac{117}{44}$$

$\alpha - \beta$ is in $Q III$ (because both $\sin(\alpha - \beta)$ and $\cos(\alpha - \beta)$ are negative)

40. Given $\cos \alpha = \frac{8}{17}$, $\alpha \in Q IV$

$\sin \beta = \frac{-24}{25}$, $\beta \in Q III$

find $\sin(\alpha + \beta)$, $\cos(\alpha + \beta)$, $\tan(\alpha + \beta)$, & determine the quadrant in which $\alpha + \beta$ lies.

$$\begin{aligned} \sin(\alpha + \beta) &= \sin \alpha \cos \beta + \cos \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= \left(\frac{-15}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-7}{25}\right) + \left(\frac{8}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-24}{25}\right) \\ &= \frac{105 - 192}{425} = \frac{-87}{425} \end{aligned}$$


$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\alpha + \beta) &= \cos \alpha \cos \beta - \sin \alpha \sin \beta \\ &= \left(\frac{8}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-7}{25}\right) - \left(\frac{-15}{17}\right)\left(\frac{-24}{25}\right) \\ &= \frac{-56 - 360}{425} = \frac{-416}{425} \end{aligned}$$

$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\sin(\alpha + \beta)}{\cos(\alpha + \beta)} = \frac{-87}{-416} = \frac{87}{416}$$

$\alpha + \beta \in Q III$

6.2 handout
homework:

1-23 odd, 35-41 odd

On Monday, Quiz on identities
& HW check 6.1 #1-69 odd;
& 6.2 probs