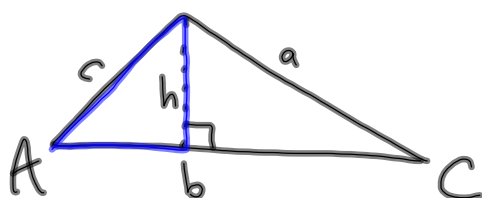
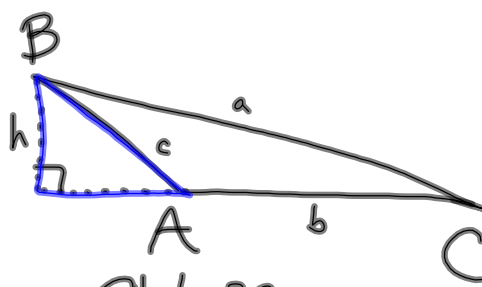


7.1/7.2 Area of a Triangle

Acute



Obtuse

$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \text{base} \cdot \text{height}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot b \cdot c \sin A$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a c \sin B$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} a b \sin C$$

$$\sin A = \frac{h}{c}$$

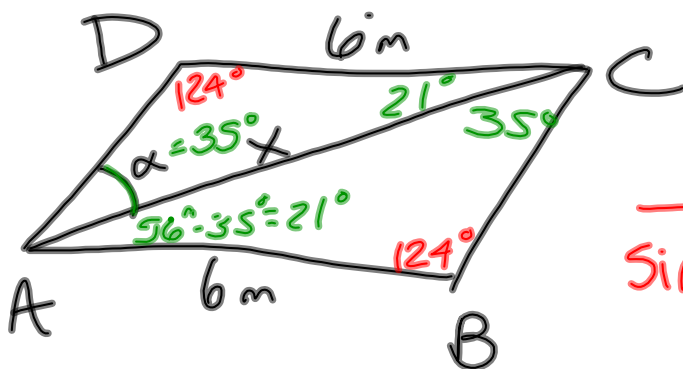
$$h = c \sin A$$

Find the area of the triangle.

$$A = 50^\circ, b = 13 \text{ cm}, c = 6 \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{area} &= \frac{1}{2} bc \sin A \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (13)(6) \sin 50^\circ \\ &\approx \boxed{29.9 \text{ cm}^2} \end{aligned}$$

7.1 #28



$$\angle BAD = 56^\circ$$

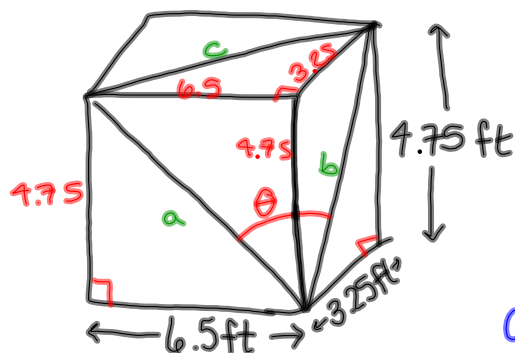
$$\alpha = 35^\circ$$

$$\frac{x}{\sin 124^\circ} = \frac{6}{\sin 35^\circ}$$

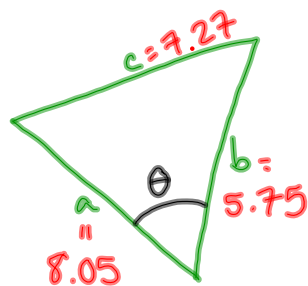
$$x = \frac{6 \sin 124^\circ}{\sin 35^\circ}$$

$$\approx \boxed{8.7 \text{ m}}$$

7.2 #41



1. find lengths of diagonals using Pythagorean Theorem
2. find  $\theta$  using Law of Cosines



$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta$$

$$2ab \cos \theta = a^2 + b^2 - c^2$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab}$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{a^2 + b^2 - c^2}{2ab} \right)$$

$$= \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{8.05^2 + 5.75^2 - 7.27^2}{2(8.05)(5.75)} \right)$$

$$\approx \boxed{60.9^\circ}$$

## Handout Homework:

7.1 #13-21 odd ; 29, 30, 33, 34, 35

7.2 #9-19 odd, 25-29 odd ; 38, 43, 46,  
47, 48