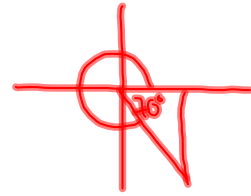


Test #1 Solutions:

- | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. III | 10. 1 | 18. $-\frac{2}{\sqrt{29}}$ |
| 2. IV | 11. 0 | 19. $\frac{1}{\sin 20^\circ}$ |
| 3. 45° | 12. $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$ | 20. $\cos 20^\circ$ |
| 4. 30° | 13. <i>undefined</i> | 21. $-\cos 20^\circ$ |
| 5. 210° | 14. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ | 22. $+\frac{1}{\sin 20^\circ}$ |
| 6. -315° | 15. $-\frac{4}{5}$ | 23. 210π cm |
| 7. $\frac{3\pi}{4}$ | 16. $\frac{4}{3}$ | 24. $\frac{5280}{\pi}$ rev/min |
| 8. $\frac{5\pi}{2}$ | 17. $-\frac{2}{5}$ | 25. $\frac{370}{\sqrt{3}}$ ft |

22. $\sec 290^\circ$



$= \sec 70^\circ$

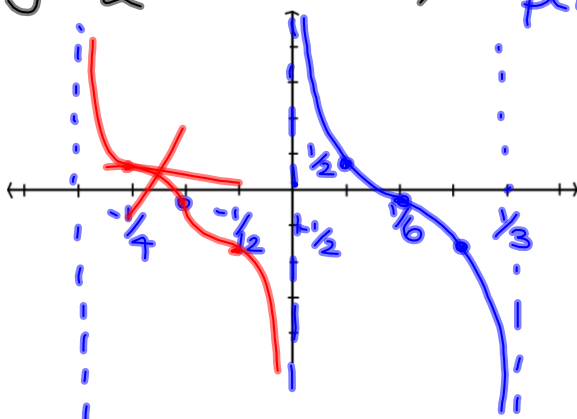
$= \csc 20^\circ$

$= \frac{1}{\sin 20^\circ}$

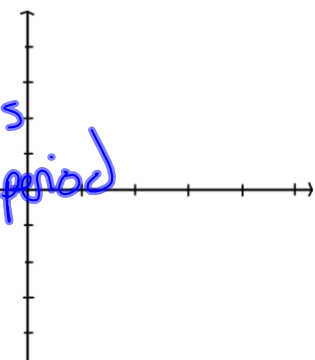
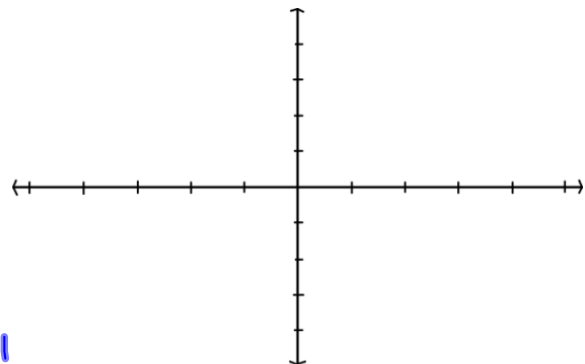
$y = a f(bx)$
 amplitude / "amp" of ref pts.
 $= |a|$ tan, cot, sin, cos, sec, csc
 period = $\frac{\pi \text{ or } 2\pi}{|b|}$

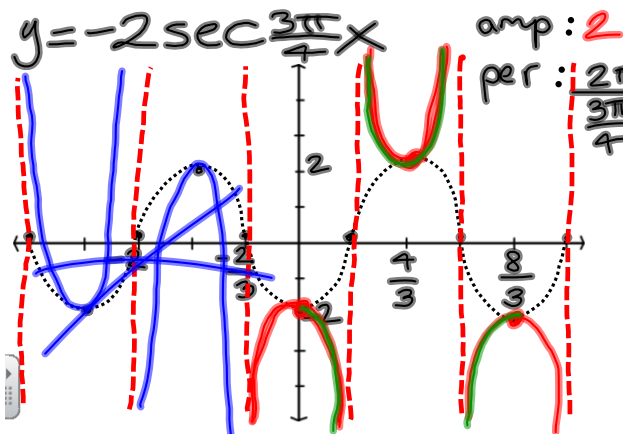
If $a < 0$, vertical flip

$y = \frac{1}{2} \cot 3\pi x$ amp: $\frac{1}{2}$
per: $\frac{\pi}{3\pi} = \frac{1}{3}$

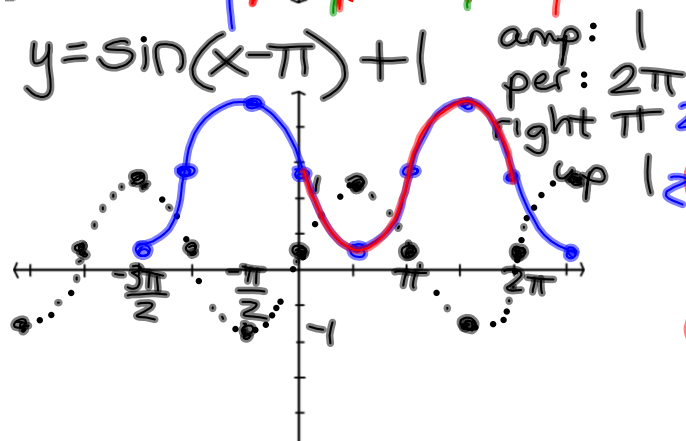


*cot has V.A.'s @ 0 & the period



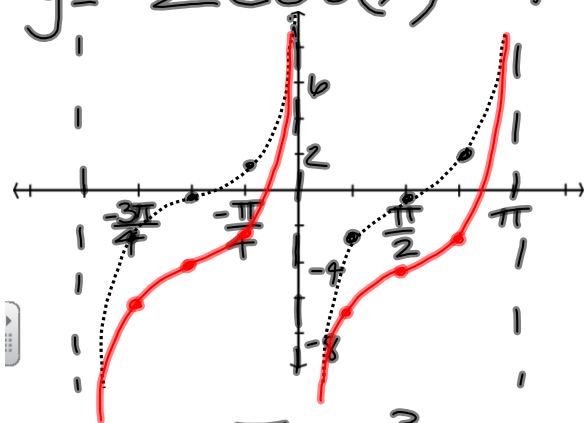


$y = a f(bx)$ ✓
 Goal: $y = a f(bx+c)+d$



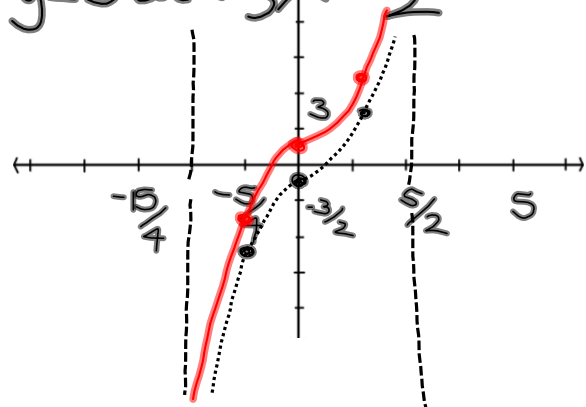
$y = f(x+c)+d$
 $c =$ horizontal shift
 $c > 0$ left $c < 0$ right
 $d =$ vertical shift
 $d > 0$ up, $d < 0$ down

$y = -2 \cot(x) - 4$



amp: 2
 per: π
 h. shift: none
 v. shift: down 4 2 ticks

$y = 3 \tan \frac{\pi}{5} x + \frac{3}{2}$



amp: 3
 per: $\frac{\pi}{\frac{\pi}{5}} = \frac{\pi}{1} \cdot \frac{5}{\pi} = 5$
 h. shift: none
 v. shift: up $3/2$
 1 tick

