

Turn in homework:

3.5 #27-67 odd

3.6 #31-39 odd; 47, 53-61 odd

3.7 #25-33 odd; 23, 37

Point-Slope Equation:

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

Review: Given the line  $2x - 3y = 5$ , determine the equations of both a line parallel to and perpendicular to this line which pass through the point  $(1, 1)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} -3y &= -2x + 5 \\ y &= \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{5}{3} \end{aligned}$$

parallel:  $m = \frac{2}{3}$

perpendicular:  $-\frac{3}{2}$

$$y - 1 = \frac{2}{3}(x - 1)$$

$$y - 1 = -\frac{3}{2}(x - 1)$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x - \frac{2}{3} + 1$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{3}{2} + 1$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

Factor.

3.3

$$46. f(x) = x^4 - 4x^3 - 7x^2 + 34x - 24$$

hint: 1 is a zero.

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \quad 1 \quad -4 \quad -7 \quad 34 \quad -24 \\ \quad \quad \quad 1 \quad -3 \quad -10 \quad 24 \\ \hline x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24 \quad \boxed{0} \end{array}$$

$$(x-1)(x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \downarrow \quad 1 \quad -3 \quad -10 \quad 24 \\ \quad \quad \quad 2 \quad -12 \quad 24 \\ \hline x^2 - 1x - 12 \quad \boxed{0} \end{array}$$

$$(x-1)(x-2)(x^2 - x - 12)$$

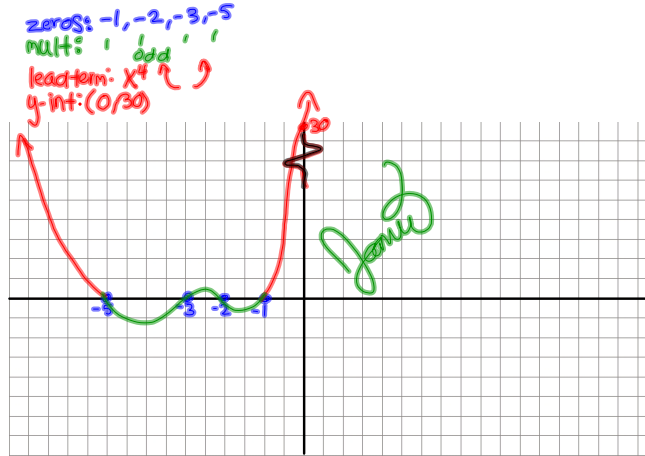
$$(x-1)(x-2)(x-4)(x+3)$$

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48.  $f(x) = x^4 + 11x^3 + 41x^2 + 61x + 30$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \mid 1 \quad 11 \quad 41 \quad 61 \quad 30 \\ \underline{-1 \quad -11 \quad -31 \quad -30} \\ (x+1)(x^3 + 10x^2 + 31x + 30) \quad 0 \\ -2 \mid 1 \quad 10 \quad 31 \quad 30 \\ \underline{-2 \quad -16 \quad -30} \\ x^2 + 8x + 15 \quad 0 \\ (x+1)(x+3)(x+5)(x+3) \end{array}$$

Graph it.

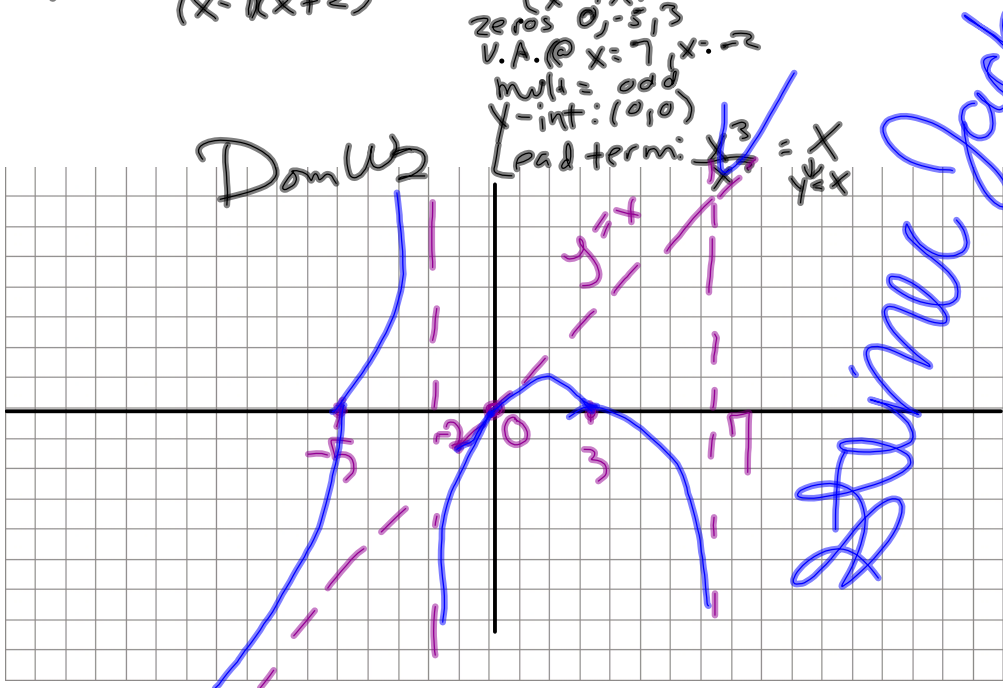


3.5  
 63.  $f(x) = \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - 15x}{x^2 - 5x - 14}$

Graph it.

$$f(x) = \frac{x(x^2 + 2x - 15)}{(x-7)(x+2)} = \frac{x(x+5)(x-3)}{(x-7)(x+2)}$$

zeros: 0, -5, 3  
 V.A. @  $x=7, x=-2$   
 mult: odd  
 y-int: (0, 0)  
 lead term:  $\frac{x^3}{x^2} = x$



Hw:

Old Test #2  
(from web)