

$$\log_a b = c \Leftrightarrow a^c = b$$

$$\log_a(MN) = \log_a M + \log_a N$$

$$\log_a\left(\frac{M}{N}\right) = \log_a M - \log_a N$$

$$\log_a(M^p) = p \cdot \log_a M \quad \leftarrow$$

$$\log_a a = 1 \quad ; \quad \log_a 1 = 0$$

$$\log_a a^x = x \quad ; \quad a^{\log_a x} = x$$

$$\log_a b = \frac{\log_c b}{\log_c a}$$

4.5 Solving Exponential & Logarithmic Equations

$$3^{2x} = 3^5$$

$$2x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\log_3 2x = \log_3 5$$

$$2x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2}$$

f is one-to-one if $f(a) = f(b) \Rightarrow a = b$

or $a \neq b \Rightarrow f(a) \neq f(b)$

For any $a > 0, a \neq 1$,

Similarly, for $M, N > 0, a > 0, a \neq 1$,

$$a^x = a^y \leftrightarrow x = y$$

$$\log_a M = \log_a N \leftrightarrow M = N$$

$$2^x = 7$$

$$\ln 2^x = \ln 7$$

$$x \cdot \ln 2 = \ln 7$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 7}{\ln 2}$$

$$e^{50t} = 300$$

$$\ln e^{50t} = \ln 300$$

50t \cdot \ln e = \ln 300

$$50t = \ln 300$$

$$t = \frac{\ln 300}{50}$$

$$\log x + \log(x+3) = 1$$

$$\log_a b = c \Leftrightarrow a^c = b$$

$$\log_{10}[x(x+3)] = 1$$

$$10^1 = x(x+3)$$

$$10 = x^2 + 3x$$

$$0 = x^2 + 3x - 10$$

$$0 = (x+5)(x-2)$$

~~$x = -5$~~ , $x = 2$

4. $3^{7x} = 27$

$3^{7x} = 3^3$

$7x = 3$

$$x = \frac{3}{7}$$

10. $3^{x^2+4x} = \frac{1}{27}$

$3^{x^2+4x} = 3^{-3}$

$x^2 + 4x = -3$

$x^2 + 4x + 3 = 0$

$(x+3)(x+1) = 0$

$x = -1, -3$

12. $28^x = 10^{-3x}$

$\log 28^x = \log 10^{-3x}$

$x \log 28 = -3x$

$x \log 28 + 3x = 0$

$x(\log 28 + 3) = 0$

$x = \frac{0}{\log 28 + 3}$

$x = 0$

$$20. \ 5^{x+2} = 4^{1-x}$$

$$\ln 5^{x+2} = \ln 4^{1-x}$$

$$(x+2)\ln 5 = (1-x)\ln 4$$

$$x\ln 5 + 2\ln 5 = \ln 4 - x\ln 4$$

$$x\ln 5 + x\ln 4 = \ln 4 - 2\ln 5$$

$$x(\ln 5 + \ln 4) = \ln 4 - 2\ln 5$$

$$x = \frac{\ln 4 - 2\ln 5}{\ln 5 + \ln 4} = \frac{\ln 4 - \ln 5^2}{\ln(5 \cdot 4)} = \boxed{\frac{\ln \left(\frac{4}{25}\right)}{\ln 20}}$$

HW #8 (due Fri. 10/3)

- | | | |
|------------|---|--|
| <u>4.3</u> | #1-8 all
#9-33 odd
#35-53 odd
#69-77 odd
#83-90 all | sketch graphs of logarithmic functions
evaluate log expressions <u>without</u> a calculator
convert between logarithmic and exponential expressions
apply change of base formula & calculator to approximate log expressions
graph logarithmic functions using transformations |
| <u>4.4</u> | # 31,33, 49-55 odd; 65-75 odd; 107 | applying log rules |
| <u>4.5</u> | # 1-25 odd;
#27-47 | solving exponential equations
odd solving logarithmic equations |
| <u>4.6</u> | #5,7,9,15,17 | application problems |

Quiz #3 - Monday 9/29

Test #3 - Wed 10/8