

$$2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min} = \frac{dV}{dt}, \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = ? \quad \text{when } h = 1 \text{ ft}$$

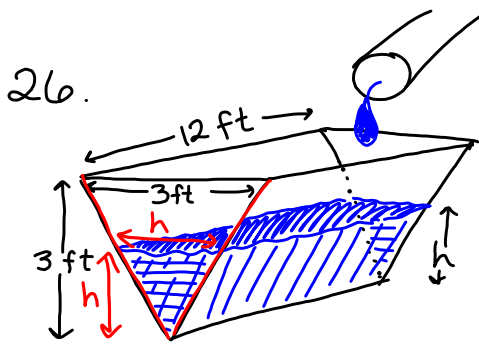
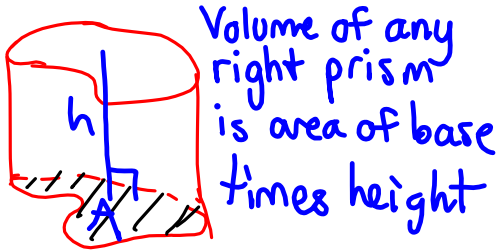
$$V = \text{area of } \Delta \cdot 12$$

$$V = \frac{1}{2} h^2 \cdot 12$$

$$V = 6h^2$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 12h \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{2 \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}}{12h} = \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{2}{12 \cdot 1} = \boxed{\frac{1 \text{ ft}}{6 \text{ min}}}$$



$$V = 6h^2; \quad \frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{3}{8} \text{ in}/\text{min}$$

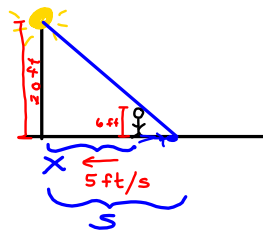
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = ? \quad \text{when } h = 2 \text{ ft}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = 12h \cdot \frac{dh}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \boxed{\frac{3}{4} \text{ ft}^3/\text{min}}$$

$= (12 \text{ ft})(2 \text{ ft}) \left(\frac{3 \text{ in}}{8 \text{ min}} \right) \cdot \frac{1 \text{ ft}}{12 \text{ in}}$

36. A man 6 ft tall walks toward a light that is 20 ft above the ground at a rate of 5 ft/s. When he is 10 ft from the base of the light, (a) at what rate is the tip of his shadow moving?



Let x = distance from light to man

Let s = the distance from light to tip of shadow

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -5 \text{ ft/s} ; \frac{ds}{dt} = ? \text{ when } x = 10 \text{ ft}$$

$$\frac{20}{s} = \frac{6}{s-x}$$

$$20(s-x) = 6s$$

$$20s - 20x = 6s$$

$$14s = 20x$$

$$7s = 10x$$

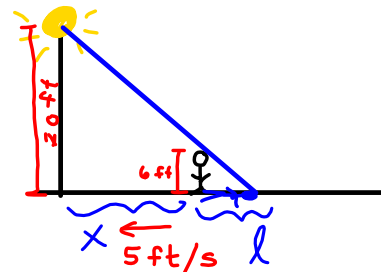
$$7 \cdot \frac{ds}{dt} = 10 \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = \frac{10}{7} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{10}{7} \cdot (-5) =$$

$$\frac{ds}{dt} = -50/7 \text{ ft/s}$$

36. A man 6 ft tall walks toward a light that is 20 ft above the ground at a rate of 5 ft/s. When he is 10 ft from the base of the light,



(b) at what rate is the length of his shadow changing?

Let x = dist. from man to light

l = length of shadow

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = ? \text{ when } x = 10 \text{ ft} ; \frac{dx}{dt} = -5 \text{ ft/s}$$

$$\frac{20}{x+l} = \frac{6}{l}$$

$$20l = 6x + 6l$$

$$14l = 6x$$

$$l = \frac{3}{7}x$$

$$\frac{dl}{dt} = \frac{3}{7} \frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{3}{7}(-5) = \boxed{-\frac{15}{7} \text{ ft/s}}$$