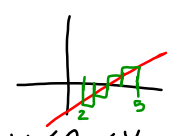


$$(a+b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 44. \quad & \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(1 + \frac{2i}{n}\right)^3 \left(\frac{2}{n}\right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(1^3 + 3(1)^2 \left(\frac{2i}{n}\right)^1 + 3(1) \left(\frac{2i}{n}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2i}{n}\right)^3\right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2}{n} \left[\sum_{i=1}^n 1 + \frac{6}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n i + \frac{12}{n^2} \sum_{i=1}^n i^2 + \frac{8}{n^3} \sum_{i=1}^n i^3 \right] \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{2}{n} \cdot n + \frac{2 \cdot 6}{n \cdot n} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} + \frac{2 \cdot 12}{n \cdot n^2} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} + \frac{2 \cdot 8}{n \cdot n^3} \cdot \frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4} \right] \\
 &= 2 + 6 + 8 + 4 = \boxed{20}
 \end{aligned}$$

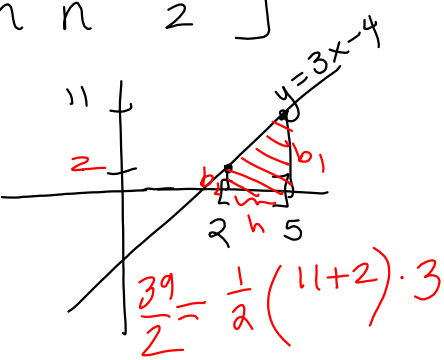
48. $f(x) = 3x - 4$, $[2, 5]$



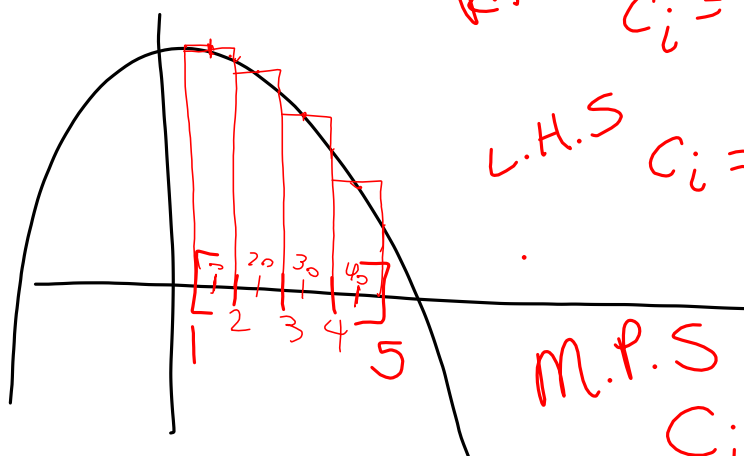
Right-hand endpoint of i th interval: $a + \frac{b-a}{n}i$

$$\text{Area} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n f(c_i) \Delta x_i, \quad X_i \leq c_i \leq X_{i+1}, \quad \Delta x = \frac{b-a}{n} = \frac{5-2}{n} = \frac{3}{n}$$

$$\text{Area} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{3}{n} \left[3 \left(2 + \frac{3}{n}i \right) - 4 \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \left(2 + \frac{9i}{n} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{3}{n} \cdot 2n + \frac{3 \cdot 9}{n \cdot n} \cdot \frac{n(n+1)}{2} \right] \\
 &= 6 + \frac{27}{2} = \boxed{\frac{39}{2}}
 \end{aligned}$$


$\frac{39}{2} = \frac{1}{2} (11+2) \cdot 3$



R.H.S.

$$c_i = a + \frac{b-a}{n}i$$

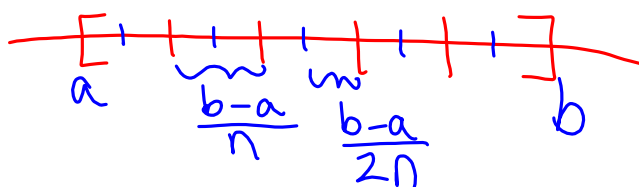
L.H.S.

$$c_i = a + \frac{b-a}{n}(i-1)$$

M.P.S

$$c_i = a + \frac{b-a}{2n}(2i-1)$$

$i=1$ $i=2$ $i=3$ $i=4$ $i=5$



$$c_1 = a + \frac{b-a}{2n} \cdot 1$$

$$c_2 = a + \frac{b-a}{2n} \cdot 3$$

$$c_3 = a + \frac{b-a}{2n} \cdot 5$$