

Part I – Match the term on the left with its correct definition on the right.

Clearly print letters in the spaces next to each number. (2 points each)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. _____ Similar triangles | A. a line segment that connects any two nonconsecutive vertices |
| 2. _____ Congruent triangles | B. a quadrilateral each of whose angles is a right angle |
| 3. _____ Geometric mean | C. an equality between two fractions (e.g. $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$) |
| 4. _____ Means | D. a quadrilateral whose opposite sides are parallel |
| 5. _____ Extremes | E. a quadrilateral all of whose sides and angles are equal |
| 6. _____ Ratio | F. the terms b and c in the equation $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ |
| 7. _____ Proportion | G. a line segment that connects the midpoints of two sides of a triangle |
| 8. _____ Rectangle | H. two triangles such that there is a correspondence between their vertices such that all of their corresponding sides and angles are equal |
| 9. _____ Rhombus | I. a quadrilateral all of whose sides are equal |
| 10. _____ Parallelogram | J. a fraction comparing two numbers (e.g. $\frac{a}{b}$) |
| 11. _____ Square | K. two triangles such that there is a correspondence between their vertices such that their corresponding sides are proportional and their corresponding angles are equal |
| 12. _____ Trapezoid | L. a quadrilateral that has exactly one pair of parallel sides |
| 13. _____ Isosceles Trapezoid | M. the term b in the equation $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{c}$ |
| 14. _____ Midsegment | N. a quadrilateral that has exactly one pair of parallel sides and whose non-parallel sides are equal |
| 15. _____ Diagonal | O. the terms a and d in the equation $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ |

Part II – Complete the statement of the theorem. (2 points each)

16. If two angles of one triangle are equal to two angles of another triangle, the triangles are

17. The ratio of the perimeters of two similar polygons is equal to

18. The ratio of the areas of two similar polygons is equal to

19. If the square of one side of a triangle is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides, then the triangle is

20. If a quadrilateral is a trapezoid, then its diagonals cannot

21. A quadrilateral is a parallelogram if two opposite sides are both

_____ and _____

22. A quadrilateral is equiangular iff it is a

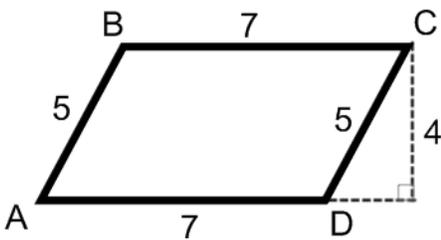
23. Supplementary interior angles on the same side of a transversal mean that lines are

24. The angles in a linear pair are

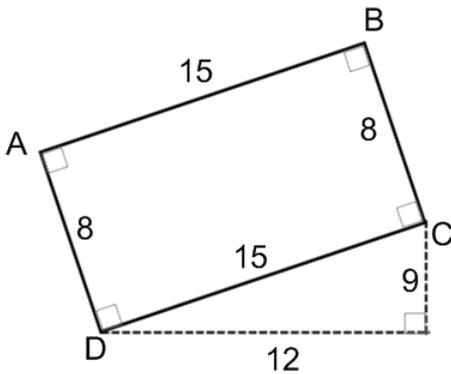
25. If two angles of a triangle are unequal, the sides opposite them are

Part III – Determine the area of the given figure. Circle/box your final answer. (5 points each)

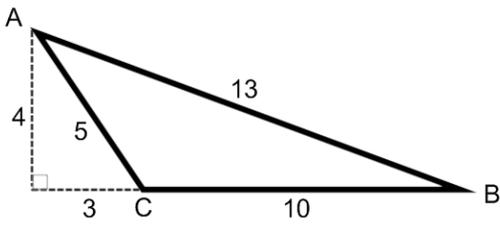
26. Parallelogram ABCD



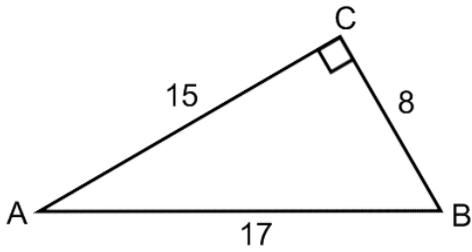
27. Rectangle ABCD



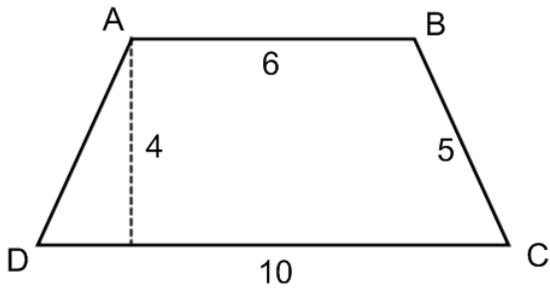
28. Triangle ABC



29. Right triangle ABC

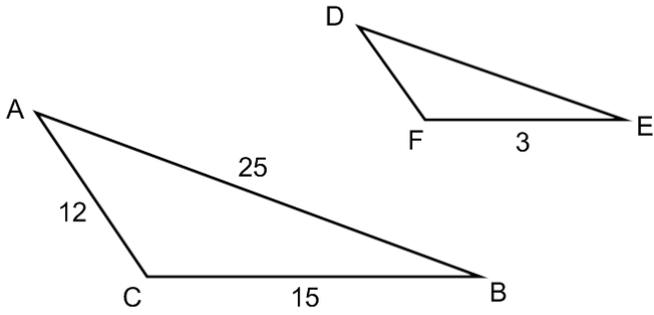


30. Trapezoid ABCD

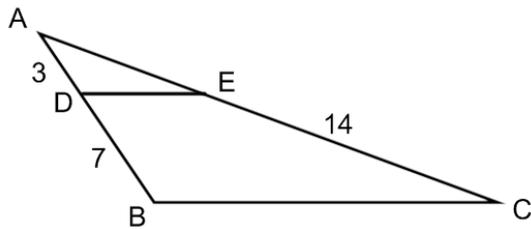


Part IV – Determine the desired side length, perimeter, area, etc. by applying similarity theorems. Circle/box your final answer. (5 points each)

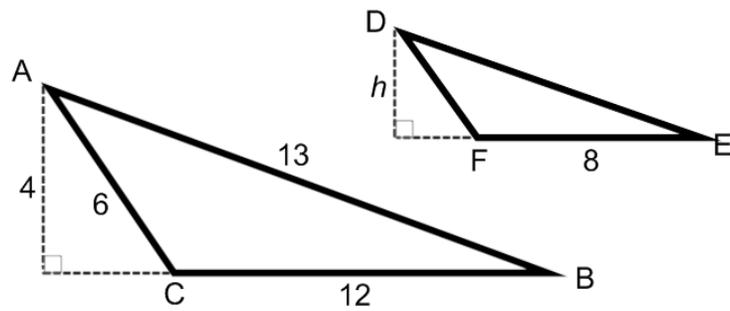
31. Length of side DE



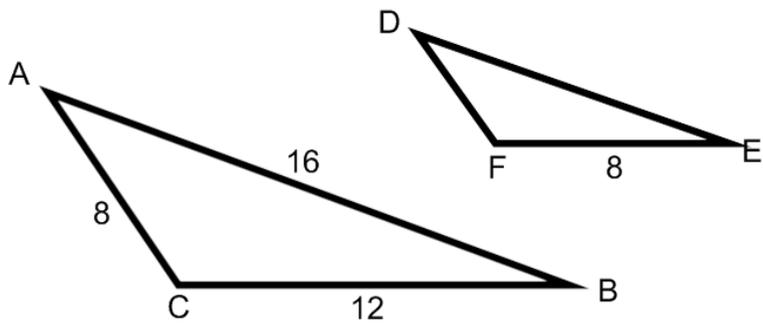
32. Length of segment AE



33. Altitude h of $\triangle DEF$



34. Perimeter of $\triangle DEF$



35. Area of $\triangle DEF$

